[KIST AI Policy Seminar] Cross-Industry AI Innovation - Silicon Valley's Model for AI-Driven Technology Transfer Across Industries

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Co-Founder & CTO - AI Technology & Biz Dev @ Erudio Bio, Inc. Advisor & Evangelist - Biz Dev @ CryptoLab, Inc. Adjunct Professor & Advisory Professor @ Sogang Univ. & DGIST

About Speaker

- Co-Founder & CTO @ Erudio Bio, San Jose & Novato, CA, USA
- Advisor & Evangelist @ CryptoLab, Inc., San Jose, CA, USA
- Chief Business Development Officer @ WeStory.ai, Cupertino, CA, USA
- Advisory Professor, Electrical Engineering and Computer Science @ DGIST, Korea
- Adjunct Professor, Electronic Engineering Department @ Sogang University, Korea
- Global Advisory Board Member @ Innovative Future Brain-Inspired Intelligence System Semiconductor of Sogang University, Korea
- KFAS-Salzburg Global Leadership Initiative Fellow @ Salzburg Global Seminar, Salzburg, Austria
- Technology Consultant @ Gerson Lehrman Gruop (GLG), NY, USA
- Co-Founder & CTO / Head of Global R&D & Chief Applied Scientist / Senior Fellow @ Gauss Labs, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, USA 2020 ~ 2023

 Senior Applied Scientist @ Amazon.com, Inc., Vancouver, BC, Canada 	\sim 2020
• Principal Engineer @ Software R&D Center, DS Division, Samsung, Korea	\sim 2017
• Principal Engineer @ Strategic Marketing & Sales Team, Samsung, Korea	\sim 2016
• Principal Engineer @ DT Team, DRAM Development Lab, Samsung, Korea	\sim 2015
 Senior Engineer @ CAE Team, Samsung, Korea 	\sim 2012
 PhD - Electrical Engineering @ Stanford University, CA, USA 	~ 2004
 Development Engineer @ Voyan, Santa Clara, CA, USA 	\sim 2001
 MS - Electrical Engineering @ Stanford University, CA, USA 	~ 1999
• BS - Electrical & Computer Engineering @ Seoul National University 199	$4 \sim 1998$

Highlight of Career Journey

- BS in EE @ SNU, MS & PhD in EE @ Stanford University
 - Convex Optimization Theory, Algorithms & Software
 - advised by Prof. Stephen P. Boyd
- Principal Engineer @ Samsung Semiconductor, Inc.
 - AI & Convex Optimization
 - collaboration with DRAM/NAND Design/Manufacturing/Test Teams
- Senior Applied Scientist @ Amazon.com, Inc.
 - e-Commerce Als anomaly detection, deep RL, and recommender system
 - Bezos's project drove \$200M in additional sales via Amazon Mobile Shopping App
- Co-Founder & CTO / Global R&D Head & Chief Applied Scientist @ Gauss Labs, Inc.
- Co-Founder & CTO AI Technology & Business Development @ Erudio Bio, Inc.

Artificial Intelligence	- 5
 AI history & recent significant achievements 	
 Market indicators for unprecedented AI progress 	
Al Agents	- 30
– Big Data $ ightarrow$ ML/DL $ ightarrow$ LLM & genAl $ ightarrow$ Agentic Al	
 Implication of grand success of LLM in multimodal AI 	
Al and Biotech	- 38
 AI in biology & AlphaFold 3 	
 Emerging Trends in Biotech 	
• Appendices	
 Silicon Valley's Cultural Engine of Innovation and Disruption 	- 59
– Industrial Al	- 67
Selected references	- 106
References	- 108

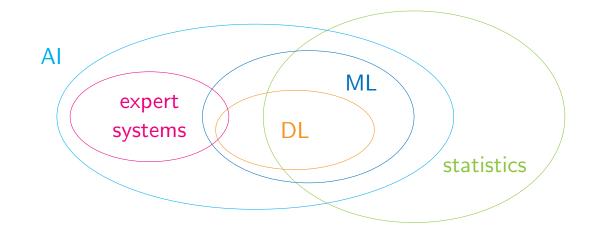
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Artificial Intelligence

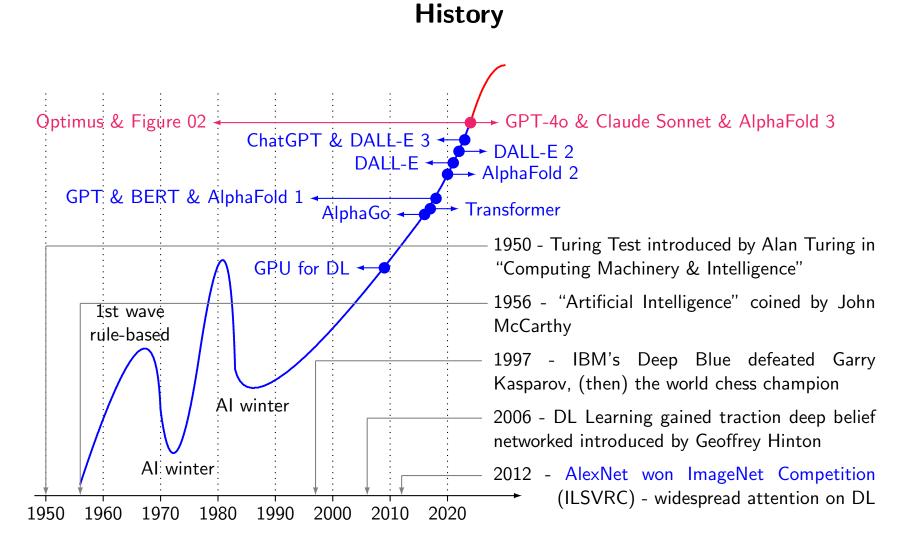
Definition and History

Definition & relation to other technologies

- Al
 - is technology doing tasks requiring human intelligence, such as learning, problemsolving, decision-making & language understanding
 - encompasses range of technologies, methodologies, applications & products
- AI, ML, DL, statistics & expert system¹ [HGH⁺22]

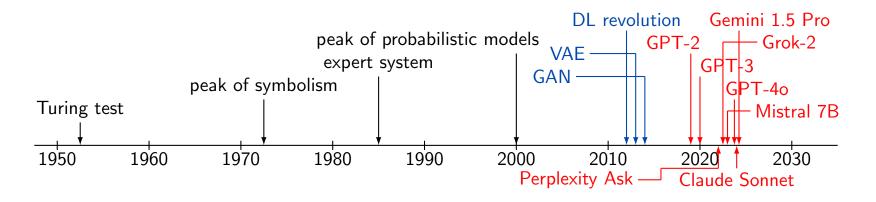


¹ML: machine learning & DL: deep learning



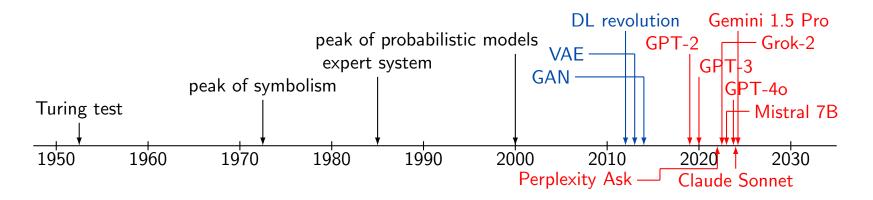
Birth of AI - early foundations & precursor technologies

- 1950s \sim 1970s
 - Alan Turing concept of "thinking machine" & Turing test to evaluate machine intelligence (1950s)
 - symbolists (as opposed to connectionists) early AI focused on symbolic reasoning, logic & problem-solving - Dartmouth Conference in 1956 by John McCarthy, Marvin Minsky, Allen Newell & Herbert A. Simon
 - precursor technologies genetic algorithms (GAs), Markov chains & hidden Markov models (HMMs) laying foundation for generative processes (1970s \sim)



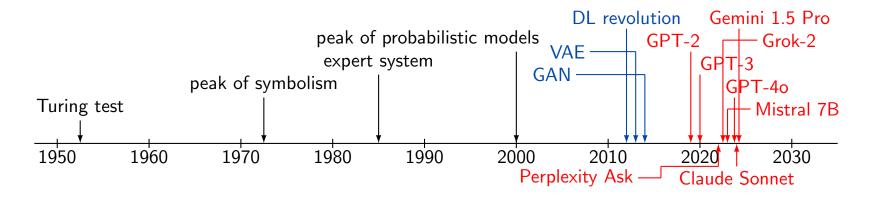
Rule-based systems & probabilistic models

- 1980s \sim early 2000s
 - expert systems (1980s) AI systems designed to mimic human decision-making in specific domains
 - development of neural networks (NN) w/ backpropagation training multi-layered networks - setting stage for way more complex generative models
 - probabilistic models (including network models, *i.e.*, Bayesian networks) & Markov models laying groundwork for data generation & pattern prediction

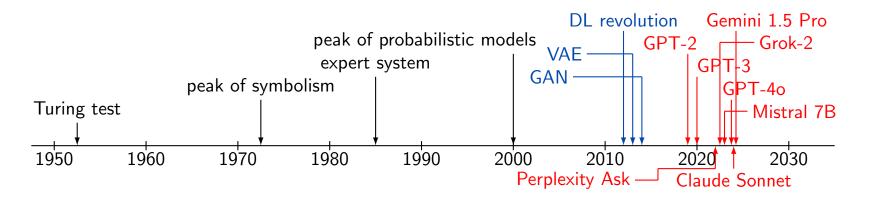


Rise of deep learning & generative models

- 2010s breakthrough in genAl
 - deep learning (DL) revolution advances in GPU computing and data availability led to the rapid development of deep neural networks.
 - variational autoencoder (VAE) (2013) by Kingma and Welling learns mappings between input and latent spaces
 - generative adversarial network (GAN) (2014) by Ian Goodfellow game-changer in generative modeling where two NNs compete each other to create realistic data
 - widely used in image generation & creative tasks



- late 2010s \sim Present
 - Transformer architecture (2017) by Vaswani et al.
 - revolutionized NLP, e.g., LLM & various genAI models
 - GPT series generative pre-trained transformer
 - GPT-2 (2019) generating human-like texts marking leap in language models
 - GPT-3 (2020) 175B params set new standards for LLM
 - multimodal systems DALL-E & CLIP (2021) linking text and visual data
 - emergence of diffusion models (2020s) new approach for generating high-quality images - progressively "denoising" random noise (DALL-E 2 & Stable Diffusion)



Significant AI Achievements - 2014 - 2025

Deep learning revolution

- 2012 2015 DL revolution²
 - CNNs demonstrated exceptional performance in image recognition, *e.g.*, *AlexNet's* victory in ImageNet competition
 - widespread adoption of DL learning in CV transforming industries
- 2016 AlphaGo defeats human Go champion
 - DeepMind's AlphaGo defeated world champion in Go, extremely complex game believed to be beyond AI's reach
 - significant milestone in RL Al's potential in solving complex & strategic problems

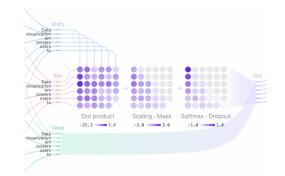


 2 CV: computer vision, NN: neural network, CNN: convolutional NN, RL: reinforcement learning

Transformer changes everything

- 2017 2018 Transformers & NLP breakthroughs³
 - Transformer (e.g., BERT & GPT) revolutionized NLP
 - major advancements in, e.g., machine translation & chatbots
- 2020 AI in healthcare AlphaFold & beyond
 - DeepMind's AlphaFold solves 50-year-old protein folding problem predicting 3D protein structures with remarkable accuracy
 - accelerates drug discovery and personalized medicine offering new insights into diseases and potential treatments



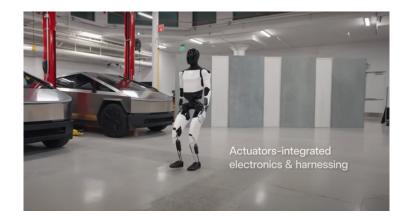


³NLP: natural language processing, GPT: generative pre-trained transformer

Lots of breakthroughs in AI technology and applications in 2024

- proliferation of advanced AI models
 - GPT-4o, Claude Sonnet, Claude 3 series, Llama 3, Sora, Gemini
 - transforming industries such as content creation, customer service, education, etc.
- breakthroughs in specialized AI applications
 - Figure 02, Optimus, AlphaFold 3
 - driving unprecedented advancements in automation, drug discovery, scientific understanding - profoundly affecting healthcare, manufacturing, scientific research





Major AI Breakthroughs in 2025

- next-generation foundation models
 - GPT-5 and Claude 4 demonstrate emergent reasoning abilities
 - open-source models achieving parity with leading commercial systems from 2024
- hardware innovations
 - NVIDIA's Blackwell successor architecture delivering 3-4x performance improvement
 - AMD's MI350 accelerators challenging NVIDIA's market dominance
- Al-human collaboration systems
 - seamless multimodal interfaces enabling natural human-AI collaboration
 - AI systems effectively explaining reasoning and recommendations
 - augmented reality interfaces providing real-time AI assistance in professional contexts



Transformative impact of AI - reshaping industries, work & society

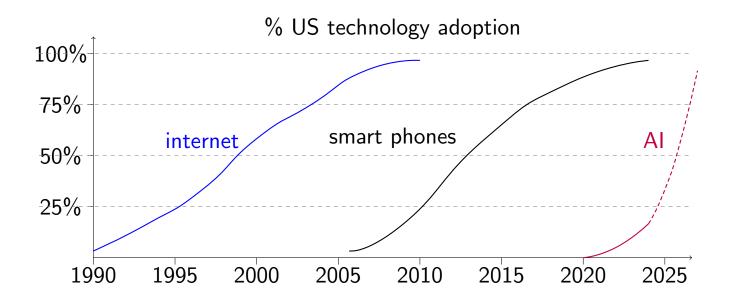
- accelerating human-AI collaboration
 - not only reshaping industries but altering how humans interact with technology
 - Al's role as collaborator and augmentor redefines productivity, creativity, the way we address global challenges, *e.g.*, *sustainability & healthcare*
- Al-driven automation *transforms workforce dynamics* creating new opportunities while challenging traditional job roles
- *ethical AI considerations* becoming central not only to business strategy, but to society as a whole *influencing regulations, corporate responsibility & public trust*



Measuring Al's Ascent

Where are we in AI today?

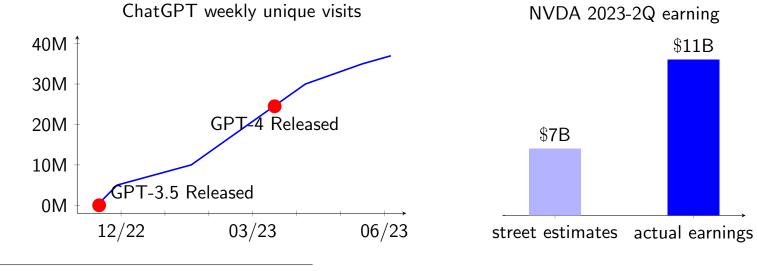
- sunrise phase currently experiencing dawn of AI era with significant advancements and increasing adoption across various industries
- early adoption in early stages of AI lifecycle with widespread adoption and innovation across sectors marking significant shift in technology's role in society



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Explosion of AI ecosystems - ChatGPT & NVIDIA

- took only 5 months for ChatGPT users to reach 35M
- NVDIA 2023 Q2 earning exceeds market expectation by big margin \$7B vs \$13.5B
 - surprisingly, 101% year-to-year growth
 - even more surprisingly gross margin was 71.2% up from 43.5% in previous year⁴

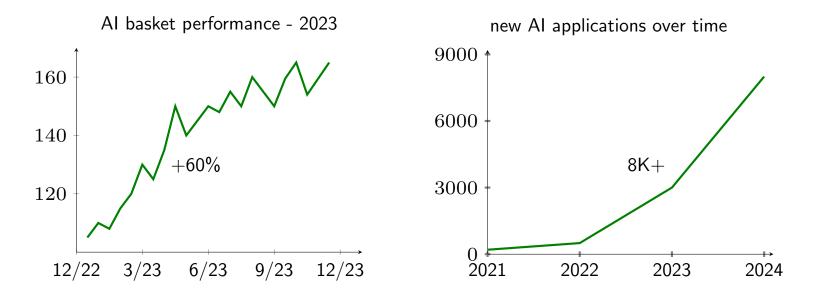


⁴source - Bloomberg

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Explosion of AI ecosystems - AI stock market

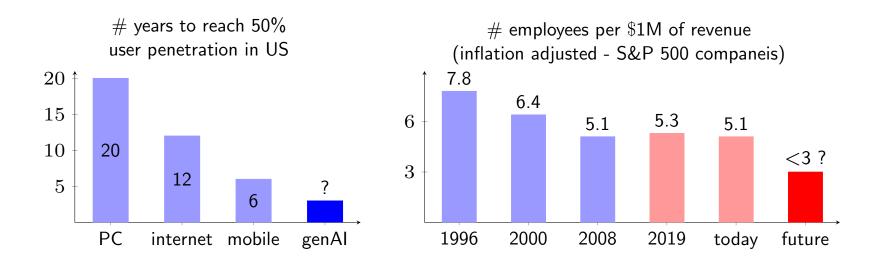
- Al investment surge in 2023 portfolio performance soars by 60%
 - Al-focused stocks significantly outpaced traditional market indices
- over 8,000 new AI applications developed in last 3 years
 - applications span from healthcare and finance to manufacturing and entertainment



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Al's transformative impact - adoption speed & economic potential

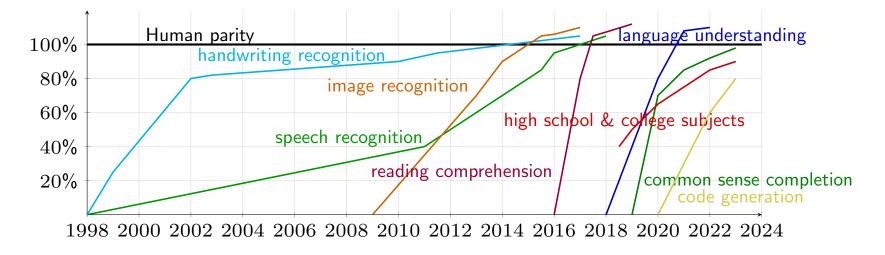
- adoption has been twice as fast with platform shifts suggesting
 - increasing demand and readiness for new technology improved user experience & accessibility
- Al's potential to drive economy for years to come
 - 35% improvement in productivity driven by introduction of PCs and internet
 - greater gains expected with AI proliferation



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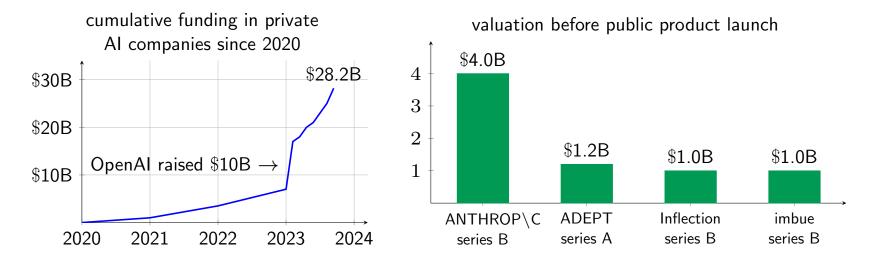
Al getting more & more faster

- steep upward slopes of AI capabilities highlight accelerating pace of AI development
 - period of exponential growth with AI potentially mastering new skills and surpassing human capabilities at ever-increasing rate
- closing gap to human parity some capabilities approaching or arguably reached human parity, while others having still way to go
 - achieving truly human-like capabilities in broad range remains a challenge



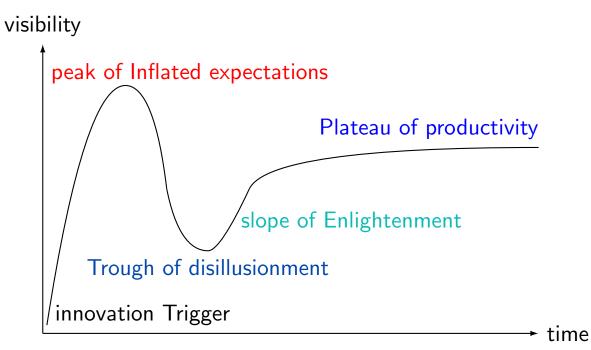
Massive investment in AI

- explosive growth cumulative funding skyrocketed reaching staggering \$28.2B
- OpenAI significant fundraising (=\$10B) fueled rapid growth
- *valuation surge* substantial valuations even before public products for stella companies
- *fierce competition for capital* among AI startups driving innovation & accelerating development
- massive investment indicates *strong belief in & optimistic outlook for potential of AI* to revolutionize industries & drive economic growth



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Is AI hype?



- innovation trigger technology breakthrough kicks things off
- peak of inflated expectations early publicity induces many successes followed by even more
- trough of disillusionment expectations wane as technology producers shake out or fail
- slope of enlightenment benefit enterprise, technology better understood, more enterprises fund pilots

Fiber vs cloud infrastructure

- fiber infrastructure 1990s
 - Telco Co's raised \$1.6T of equity & \$600B of debt
 - bandwidth costs decreased 90% within 4 years
 - companies Covage, NothStart, Telligent, Electric Lightwave, 360 networks, Nextlink, Broadwind, UUNET, NFS Communications, Global Crossing, Level 3 Communications
 - became *public good*

- cloud infrastructure 2010s
 - entirely new computing paradigm
 - mostly public companeis with data centers
 - big 4 hyperscalers generate \$150B
 + annual revenue



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Yes	&	No
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characteristics of hype cycles	speaker's views	
value accrual misaligned with investment	 OpenAI still operating at a loss; business model still not clear 	
	 gradual value creation across broad range of industries and technologies (<i>e.g.</i>, CV, LLMs, RL) unlike fiber optic bubble in 1990s 	
overestimating timeline & capabilities of technology	 self-driving cars delayed for over 15 years, with limited hope for achieving level 5 autonomy AI, however, has proven useful within a shorter 5-year span, with enterprises eagerly adopting 	
lack of widespread utility due to technology maturity	 AI already providing significant utility across various domains 	
	 vs quantum computing remains promising in theory but lacks widespread practical utility 	

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AI Agents

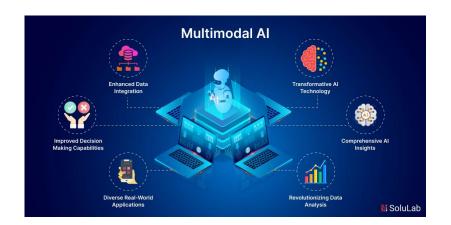
Al progress in 21st century in keywords

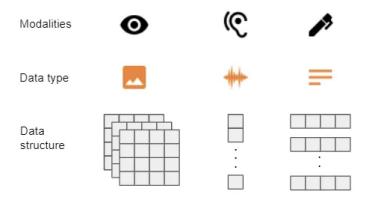
- 2010 \sim Big Data
- 2012 \sim Deep Learning
- 2017 \sim Transformer Attention is All you need!
- 2022 \sim LLM & genAl
- 2024 \sim AI Agent (Agentic AI)



Multimodal learning

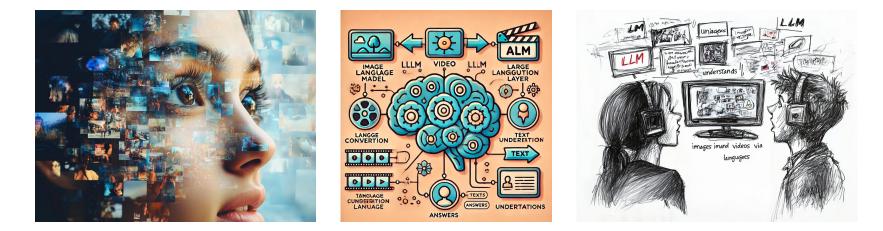
- understand information from multiple modalities, e.g., text, images, audio, video
- representation learning methods
 - combine multiple representations or learn multimodal representations simultaneously
- applications
 - images from text prompt, videos with narration, musics with lyrics
- collaboration among different modalities
 - understand image world (open system) using language (closed system)





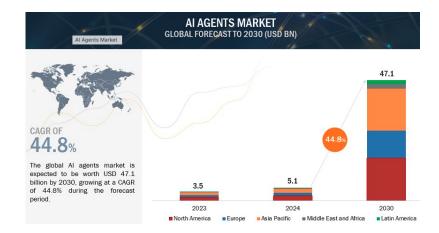
Implications of success of LLMs

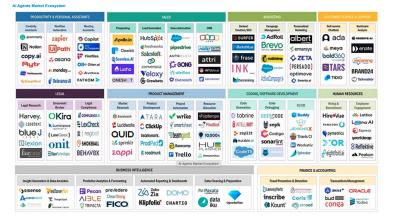
- many researchers change gears towards LLM
 - from computer vision (CV), speach, music, video, even reinforcement learning
- LLM is not only about NLP . . . humans have . . .
 - evolved to optimize natural language structures for eons
 - handed down knowledge using this natural languages for thousands of years
 - internal structure (or equivalently, representation) of natural languages optimized via thousands of generation by evolution
- LLM connects non-linguistic world (open system) via natural languages (closed system)



Multimodal AI (mmAI)

- mmAI systems processing & integrating data from multiple sources & modalities, to generate unified response / decision
- 1990s 2000s early systems initial research combining basic text & image data
- 2010s CNNs & RNNs enabling more sophisticated handling of multimodality
- 2020s modern multimodal models Transformer-based architectures handling complex multi-source data at highly advanced level
- mmAl *mimics human cognitive ability* to interpret and integrate information from various sources, leading to holistic decision-making





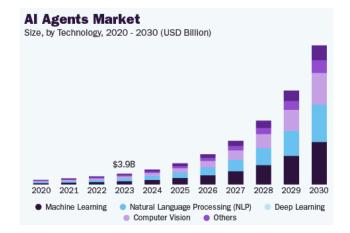
mmAI Technology

- core components
 - data preprocessing images, text, audio & video
 - architectures unified Transformer-based (e.g., ViT) & cross-attention mechanisms / hybrid architectures (e.g., CNNs + LLMs)
 - integration layers fusion methods for combining data representations from different modalities
- technical challenges
 - data alignment accurate alignment of multimodal data
 - computational demand high-resource requirements for training and inferencing
 - diverse data quality manage variations in data quality across modalities
- advancements
 - multimodal embeddings shared feature spaces interaction between modalities
 - self-supervised learning leverage unlabeled data to learn representations across modalities

Al agents powered by multimodal LLMs

- foundation
 - integrate multimodal AI capabilities for enhanced interaction & decision-making
- components
 - perceive environment through multiple modalities (visual, audio, text), process using LLM technology, generate contextual responses & take actions
- capabilities
 - understand complex environments, reason across modalities, engage in natural interactions, adapt behavior based on context & feedback

AI Agents		
	Functional	
Code/Application generation	Customer Supp	ort / Success Quality assurance
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OriginAl 🛞 marblism 🛞 poolside Nag		
GTM		Security
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Vertical		
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Al agents - Present & Future

- emerging applications
 - scientific research agents analyzing & running experiments & generating hypotheses
 - creative collaboration AI partners in design & art combining multiple mediums
 - environmental monitoring processing satellite sensor data for climate analysis
 - healthcare enhanced diagnostic combining imaging, e.g., MRI, with patient history
 - customer experience virtual assistants understanding spoken language & visual cues
 - autonomous vehicles integration of visual, radar & audio data
- future
 - ubiquitous AI agents seamless integration into everyday devices
 - highly tailored personalized experience in education, entertainment & healthcare





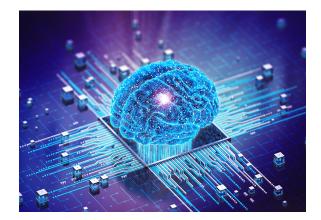
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AI & Biotech

Al in biology

- Al has been used in biological sciences, and science in general
- Al's ability to process large amounts of raw, unstructured data (*e.g.*, DNA sequence data)
 - reduces time and cost to conduct experiments in biology
 - enables others types of experiments that previously were unattainable
 - contributes to broader field of engineering biology or biotechnology
- Al increases human ability to make direct changes at cellular level and create novel genetic material (*e.g.*, DNA and RNA) to obtain specific functions





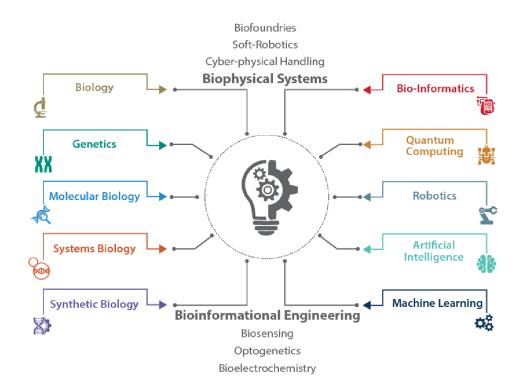
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Biotech

Biotech

- biotechnology
 - is multidisciplinary field leveraging broad set of sciences and technologies
 - relies on and builds upon advances in other fields such as nanotechnology & robotics, and, increasingly, AI
 - enables researchers to read and write DNA
 - sequencing technologies "read" DNA while gene synthesis technologies take sequence data and "write" DNA turning data into physical material
- 2018 National Defense Strategy & Senior US Defense and Intelligence Officials identified emerging technologies that could have disruptive impact on US national security [Say21]
 - AI, lethal autonomous weapons, hypersonic weapons, directed energy weapons, biotechnology, quantum technology
- other names for biotechnology are engineering biology, synthetic biology, biological science (when discussed in context of AI)

- sciences and technologies enabling biotechnology include (but not limited to)
 - (molecular) biology, genetics, systems biology, synthetic biology, bio-informatics, quantum computing, robotics [DFJ22]



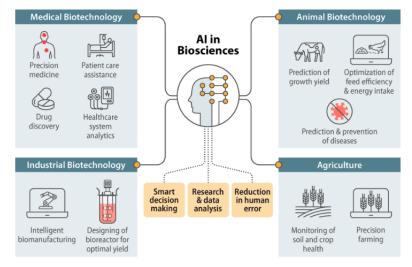
Convergence of AI and biological design

- AI & biological sciences converging [BKP22]
 - each building upon the other's capabilities for new research and development across multiple areas
- Demis Hassabis, CEO & cofounder of DeepMind, said of biology [Toe23]

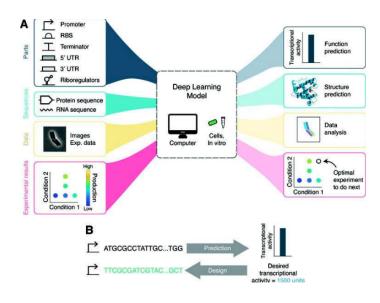
". . . biology can be thought of as information processing system, albeit extraordinarily complex and dynamic one . . . just as mathematics turned out to be the right description language for physics, biology may turn out to be *the perfect type of regime for the application of Al!*"

- both AI & biotech rely on and build upon advances in other scientific disciplines and technology fields, such as nanotechnology, robotics, and increasingly big data (*e.g.*, genetic sequence data)
 - each of these fields itself convergence of multiple sciences and technologies
- so their impacts can combine to create new capabilities

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Multi-source genetic sequence data



- Al, essential to analyzing exponential growth of genetic sequence data
 - "Al will be essential to fully understanding how genetic code interacts with biological processes" - US National Security Commission on Artificial Intelligence (NSCAI)
 - process huge amounts of biological data, *e.g.*, genetic sequence data, coming from different biological sources for understanding complex biological systems
 - sequence data, molecular structure data, image data, time-series, omics data
- *e.g.*, analyze genomic data sets to determine the genetic basis of particular trait and potentially uncover genetic markers linked with that trait

Quality & quantity of biological data

- limiting factor, however, is *quality and quantity* of biological data, *e.g.*, DNA sequences, that AI is trained on
 - e.g., accurate identification of particular species based on DNA requires reference sequences of sufficient quality to exist and be available
- databases have varying standards access, type, and quality of information
- design, management, quality standards, and data protocols for reference databases can affect utility of particular DNA sequence





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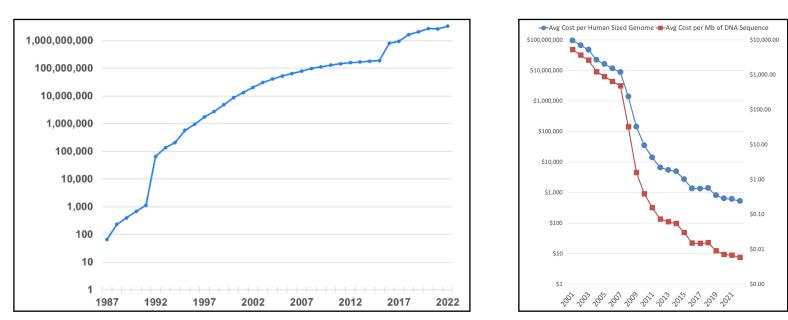
- volume of genetic sequence data grown exponentially as sequencing technology evolved
- more than 1,700 databases incorporating data on genomics, protein sequences, protein structures, plants, metabolic pathways, *etc.*, *e.g.*
 - open-source public database
 - Protein Data Bank, US-funded data center more than *terabyte of threedimensional structure data* for biological molecules, *e.g.*, proteins, DNA, RNA
 - proprietary database
 - Gingko Bioworks more than 2B protein sequences
 - public research groups
 - Broad Institute produces roughly 500 terabases of genomic data per month
- great potential value in aggregate volume of genetic datasets that can be collectively mined to discover and characterize relationships among genes

Volume and sequencing cost of DNA over time

• volume of DNA sequences & DNA sequencing cost

sequences in INSDC

- data source: National Human Genome Research Institute (NHGRI) [Wet23] & International Nucleotide Sequence Database Collaboration (INSDC)
- more dramatic than Moore's law!



DNA sequencing cost

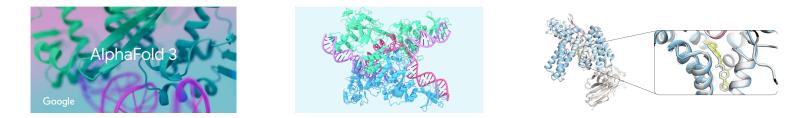
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- US National Security Commission on Artificial Intelligence (NSCAI) recommends
 - US fund and prioritize development of a biobank containing *"wide range of high-quality biological and genetic data sets securely accessible by researchers"*
 - establishment of database of broad range of human, animal, and plant genomes would
 - enhance and democratize biotechnology innovations
 - facilitate new levels of AI-enabled analysis of genetic data
- bias availability of genetic data & decisions about selection of genetic data can introduce bias, e.g.
 - training AI model on datasets emphasizing or omitting certain genetic traits can affect how information is used and types of applications developed - *potentially privileging or disadvantaging certain populations*
 - access to data and to AI models themselves may impact communities of differing socioeconomic status or other factors unequally

Emerging Trends in Biotech

AlphaFold

- solving 50-year-old protein folding problem, "one of biology's grand challenges"
 - definition given amino acid sequence, predict how it folds into a 3D structure
 - proteins fold in microseconds, but predicting computationally nearly impossible
- AlphaFold 1 (2018) DL + physics-based energy functions → AlphaFold 2 (2020)
 attention-based NN solving protein folding "in principle" → AlphaFold 3 (2024) diffusion-based DL, drug-protein interactions, protein complexes
- AlphaFold protein structure database
 - >200MM protein structures nearly every known protein, used by >2MM researchers
- Applications & implications
 - drug discovery target identification, lead optimization, side effect prediction
 - enzyme engineering, agriculture, environmental, vaccine development



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AlphaGo

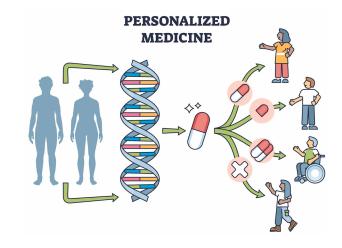
- deep reinforcement learning with Monte Carlo tree search
 - trained on thousands of years of Go game history
 - AlphaGo Zero learns by playing against itself
- development experience, insight, knowledge, know-how transferred to AlphaFold



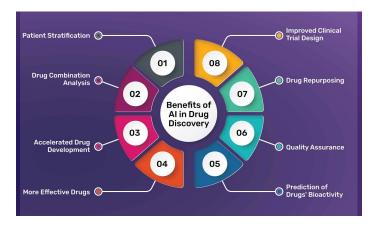
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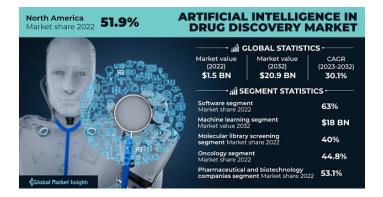
Personalized medicine

- shift from one-size-fits-all approach to tailored treatments
- based on individual genetic profiles, lifestyles & environments
- Al enables analysis of vast data to predict patient responses to treatments, thus enhancing efficacy and reducing adverse effects
- *e.g.*
 - custom cancer therapies
 - personalized treatment plans for rare diseases
 - precision pharmacogenomics
- companies Tempus, Foundation Medicine, *etc.*



Al-driven drug discovery

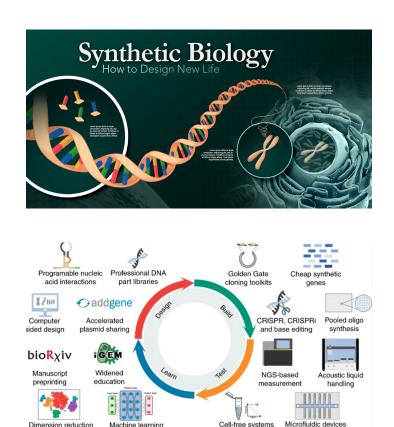


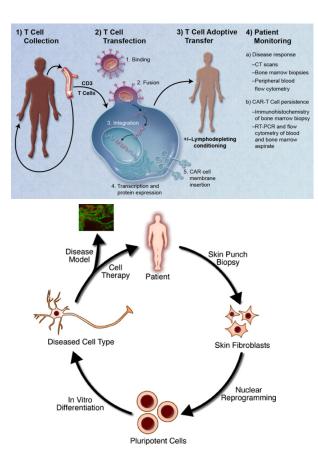


- traditional drug discovery process timeconsuming and costly often taking decades and billions of dollars
- Al streamlines this process by predicting the efficacy and safety of potential compounds with more speed and accuracy
- Al models analyze chemical databases to identify new drug candidates or repurpose existing drugs for new therapeutic uses
- companies Insilco Medicine, Atomwise.

Synthetic biology

- use AI for gene editing, biomaterial production and synthetic pathways
- combine principles of biology and engineering to design and construct new biological entities
- Al optimizes synthetic biology processes from designing genetic circuits to scaling up production
- company Ginkgo Bioworks uses AI to design custom microorganisms for applications ranging from pharmaceuticals to industrial chemicals



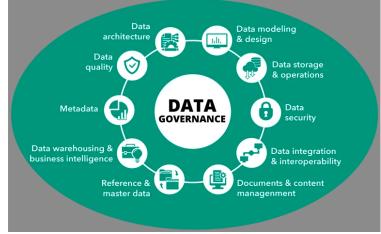


Regenerative medicine

- Al advances development of stem cell therapies & tissue engineering
- Al algorithms assist in identifying optimal cell types, predicting cell behavior & personalized treatments
- particularly for conditions such as neurodegenerative diseases, heart failure and orthopedic injuries
- company Organovo leverages AI to potentially improve the efficacy and scalability of regenerative therapies, developing next-generation treatments

Bio data integration

- integration of disparate data sources, including genomic, proteomic & clinical data - one of biggest challenges in biotech & healthcare
- AI delivers meaningful insights only when seamless data integration and interoperability realized
- developing platforms facilitating comprehensive, longitudinal patient data analysis - vital enablers of AI in biotech
- company Flatiron Health working on integrating diverse datasets to provide holistic view of patient health



- Atomwise small molecule drug discovery
- Cradle protein design
- Exscientia precision medicine
- Iktos small molecule drug discovery and design
- Insilico Medicine full-stack drug discovery system
- Schrödinger, Inc. use physics-based models to find best possible molecule
- Absci Corporation antibody design, creating new from scratch antibodies, *i.e.*, "de novo antibodies", and testing them in laboratories



Appendices

Silicon Valley's Cultural Engine of Innovation and Disruption

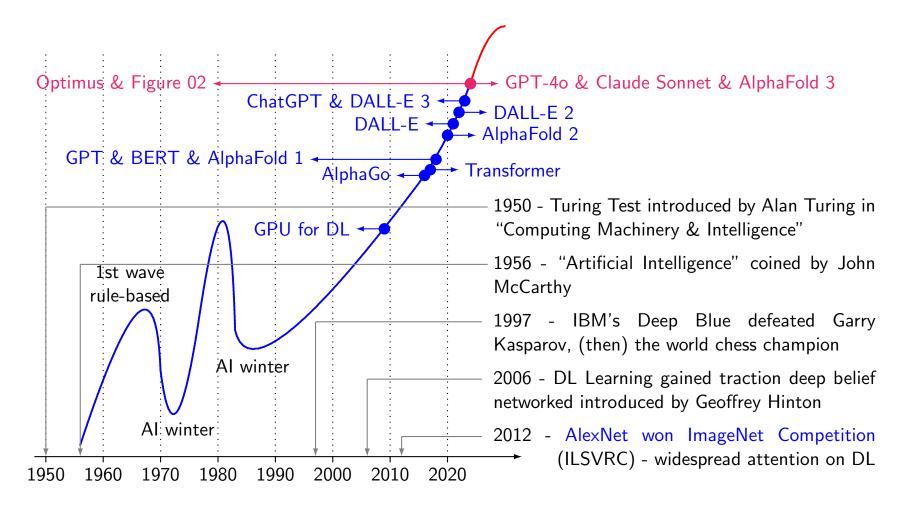
Sunghee Yun

My journey from Samsung & Amazon to Gauss Labs & Erudio Bio

- Samsung Semiconductor, Inc.
 - inception into industry from academia, the world's best memory chip maker!
- Amazon.com, Inc.
 - experience so-called Silicon Valley big tech culture and technology
 - set tone for my future career trajectory!
- Gauss Labs, Inc.
 - found & operate AI startup, shaping corporate culture & spearheading R&D as CTO
 - inherent challenges of Korean conglomerate spin-off startup cultural constraints, over-capitalization, and leadership limitations
- Erudio Bio, Inc.
 - concrete & tangible bio-technology in addition to AI
 - great decisions regarding business development; business models, market fit, go-to-market (GTM) strategies based on lessons learned *in a hard way* ©







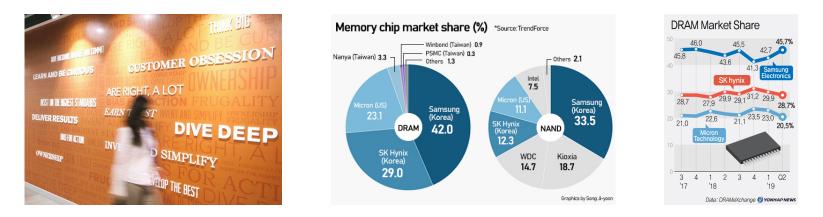
[KIST AI Policy Seminar] Cross-Industry AI Innovation - Silicon Valley's Cultural Engine of Innovation and Disruption 61

Innovation ecosystem of Silicon Valley

- key characteristics
 - risk-taking culture, *trust* in technology \rightarrow *genuine* respect for engineers and scientists
 - easy access to huge capital VCs, angel investors alike
 - talent density engineers, researchers, scientists, entrepreneurs, PMs, TPMs, . . .
 - diversity, "collision density" of ideas
 - ecosystem of collaboration and competition startups, academia, industry leaders
- what they mean for global big tech
 - set trends in AI, software & hardware (and or hence) product & industry innovation
 - act as testing ground for disruptive ideas



- Amazon's culture & leadership principles
 - customer obsession as driver of innovation
 - high standards & ownership culture, disagree & commit
 - bias for action and long-term thinking sounds contradictory?
 - mechanisms like "two-pizza teams" & "Day One" for (or rather despite) scalability
- lessons for Korean corporations
 - applying customer-centric innovation in hardware & AI, e.g., on-device AI
 - balancing agility with long-term R&D
 - build / adapt / apply on the core strength of Samsung that no other company has!

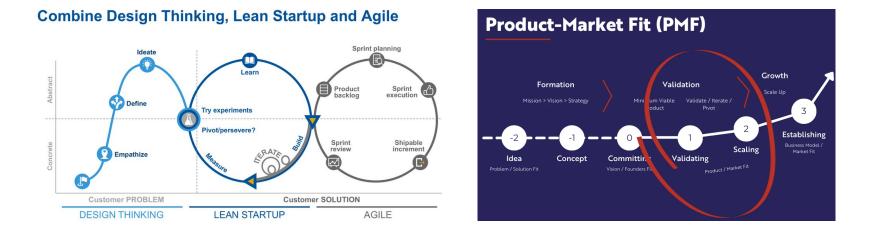


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63

Founding and scaling startups

- challenges
 - competence of and chemistry among co-founders crucial
 - technology & great team are *necessary*, but *not sufficient (at all!)* for success
 - business models, market fit, timing, agility, flexibility for pivoting / perseverance
- insight
 - importance of domain expertise in addition to AI
 - balancing innovation with good business decisions



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Bridging Silicon Valley & Korea

- cultural differences
 - risk appetite & failure tolerance
 - decision-making speed vs hierarchy
 - innovation vs execution focus
- opportunities for collaboration
 - leveraging Korea's manufacturing expertise with Silicon Valley's software/AI strengths
 - building global teams with diverse perspectives





To be successful . . .

- embrace customer/market-centric mindset in innovation and for business decisions
- balance agility with long-term vision
- foster cross-cultural collaboration for global impact
- ((very) strategically and carefully) leverage AI to solve real-world industrial challenges



Industrial AI

Industrial AI (inAI)

- inAI (collectively) refers to AI technology & software and their products developed for
 - customer values creation, productivity improvement, cost reduction, production optimization, predictive analysis, insight discovery

in industries such as

- *semiconductor, steel, oil & gas, cement, and other various manufacturing industries* (unlike general AI, which is frontier research discipline striving to achieve human-level intelligence)





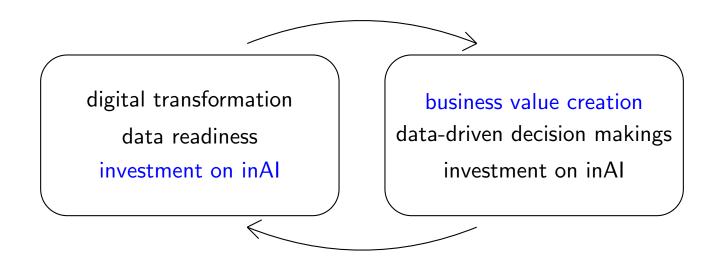
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- product
 - product design & innovation, adaptability & advancement, product quality & validation, design for reusability & recyclability, performance optimization
- production process
 - production quality, process management, inter-process relations, process routing & scheduling, process design & innovation, traceability, predictive process control
- machinery & equipment
 - predictive maintenance, monitoring & diagnosis, component development, ramp-up optimization, material consumption prediction
- supply chain
 - supply chain monitoring, material requirements planning, customer management, supplier management, logistics, reusability & recyclability

Characteristics of inAl

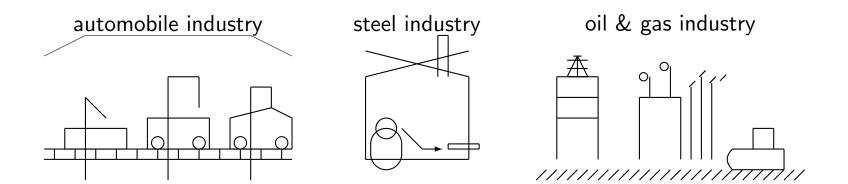
Vicious (or virtuous) cycle

- integration of inAl with customers' business creates monetary values and encourages data-driven decisions
- however, to do so, digital transformation with data-readiness is MUST-have
- created values, in turn, can be invested into infrastructure required for digital transformation and success of inAl!



Data-centric AI

- unlike many ML disciplines where foundation models do generic representation learning, *i.e.*, learn universal features
- each equipment has (gradually) different data characteristics, hence need data-centric AI
 - ". . . need 1,000 models for 1,000 problems" Andrew Ng
 - data-centric AI discipline of systematically engineering the data used to build AI system



Challenging data characteristics

- huge volume
- data multi-modality
- high velocity requirement
- very fat data
- sever data shift & drift (in many cases)
- label imbalance
- data quality

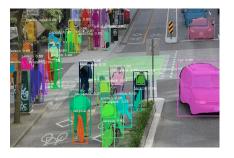


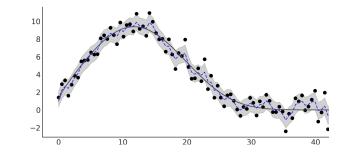
[KIST AI Policy Seminar] Cross-Industry AI Innovation - Industrial AI - Characteristics of inAI

Manufacturing AI

MLs in manufacturing AI (manAI)

- *image data* huge amount of image data measured and inspected
 - SEM/TEM images, wafer defect maps, test failure pattern maps 5
 - \rightarrow semantic segmentation, defect inspection, anomaly detection
- *time-series (TS) data all the data* coming out of manufacturing is TS
 - equipment sensor data, process times, various measurements, MES data ⁶
 - \rightarrow regression, anomaly detection, semi-supervised learning, Bayesian inference





⁵SEM: scanning electron miscroscope, TEM: transmission electron miscroscope ⁶MES: manufacturing execution system

CV ML in manAl

Computer vision ML in manAl

- measurement and inspection (MI)
 - metrology measurement of critical features
 - inspection defect inspection, defect localization, defect classification
 - failure pattern analysis
- applications
 - automatic feature measurement
 - anomaly detection
 - defect inspection

Automatic feature measurement

- ML techniques
 - image enhancement (denoising)
 - texture segmentation
 - repetitive pattern recognition
 - automatic measurement

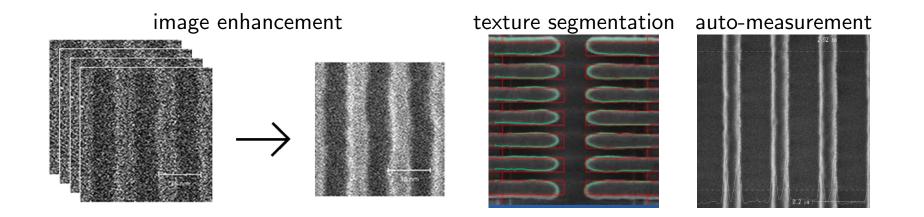


Image enhancement

- image enhancement techniques
 - general supervised denoising using DL
 - blind denoising using DL remove noise without prior knowledge of noise adapting to various noise types
 - super-resolution upscale low-resolution images, add realistic details for sharper & higher-quality images

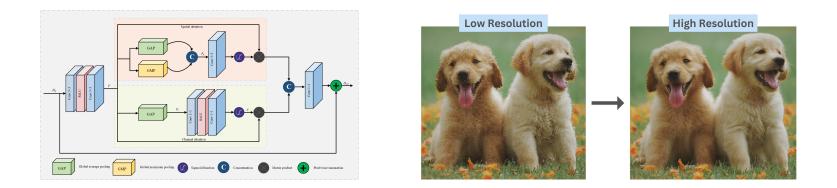
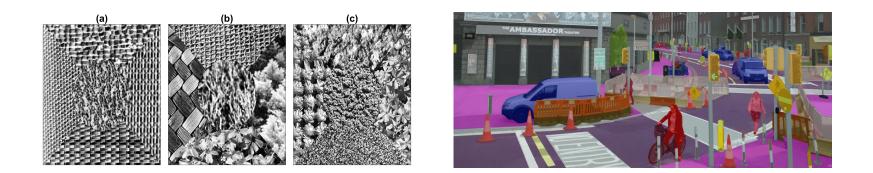


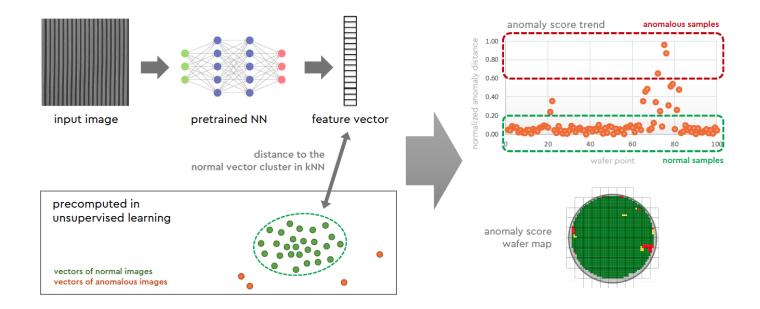
Image segmentation

- texture segmentation
 - distinguish areas based on texture patterns identifying regions with similar textural features - used for material classification, surface defect detection, medical imaging
 - methods Gabor filters, wavelet transforms, DL
- semantic segmentation
 - assign class labels to every pixel enabling precise object and region identification used for autonomous driving, scene understanding, medical diagnostics
 - methods fully convolutional network (FCN), U-net, DeepLab



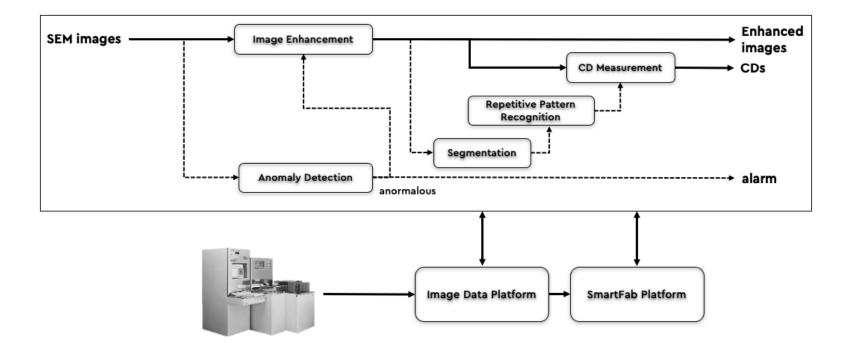
Anomaly detection using side product

- representation in embedding space obtained as side product from previous processes
- distance from normal clusters used for anomaly detection
- can be used for yield drop prediction and analysis



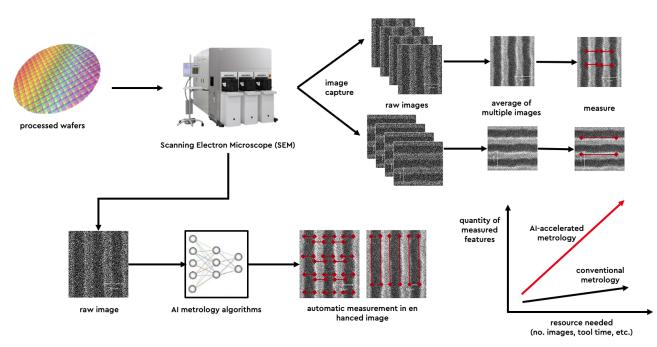
Al-enabled metrology system

• integration of separate components creates AI-enabled metrology system



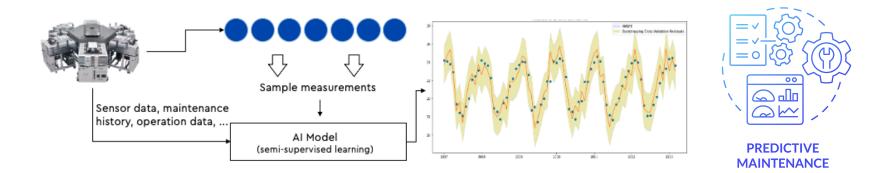
Benefits of new system

- new system provides
 - improved accuracy and reliability
 - improved throughput
 - savings on investment on measurement equipment



TS ML in manAl

- estimation of TS values
 - virtual metrology estimate measurement without physically measuring things
- anomaly detection on TS
 - predictive maintenance predict maintenance times ahead
- multi-modal ML using LLM & genAl
 - root cause analysis and recommendation system

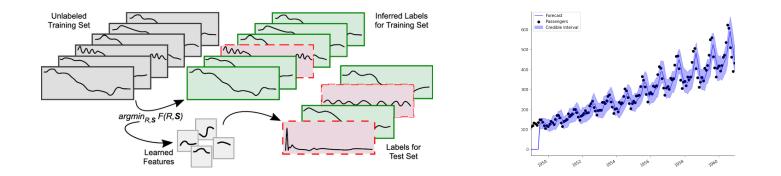


TS MLs in manAl

• TS regression/prediction/estimation

LSTM, GRU, attention-based models, Transformer-based architecture for capturing long-term dependencies and patterns

- anomaly detection
 - isolation forest, autoencoders, one-class SVM
- TS regression providing credibility intervals
 - Bayesian-based approaches offering uncertainty estimation alongside predictions



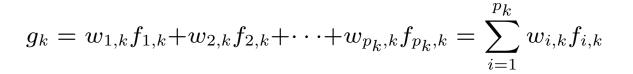
[KIST AI Policy Seminar] Cross-Industry AI Innovation - Industrial AI - TS ML in manAI

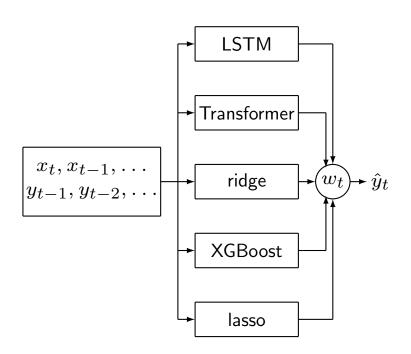
Difficulties with TS ML

- no definition exists for general TS data
- data drift & shift
 - $p(x_{t_k}, x_{t_{k-1}}, \ldots)$ changes over time
 - $p(y_{t_k}|x_{t_k}, x_{t_{k-1}}, \ldots, y_{t_{k-1}}, y_{t_{k-2}}, \ldots)$ changes over time
- (extremely) fat data, poor data quality, huge volume of data to process
- not many research results available
- none of algorithms in academic papers work / no off-the-shelf algorithms work

Online learning for TS regression

- use multiplie experts $f_{1,k}, \ldots, f_{p_k,k}$ for each time step $t = t_k$ where $f_{i,k}$ can be any of following
 - seq2seq models (*e.g.*, LSTM, Transformerbased models)
 - non-DL statistical learning models (*e.g.*, online ridge regression) x_t, x_{t-1}, \ldots
- model predictor for t_k , $g_k : \mathbf{R}^n \to \mathbf{R}^m$ as weighted sum of experts



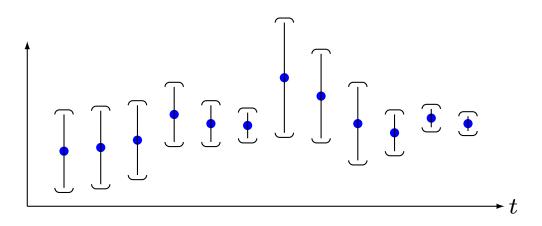


Credibility intervals

• every point prediction is wrong, *i.e.*

$$\mathbf{Prob}(\hat{y}_t = y_t) = 0$$

- reliability of prediction matters, however, none literature deals with this (properly)
- critical for our customers, *i.e.*, *such information is critical for downstream applications*
 - e.g., when used for feedback control, need to know how reliable prediction results are
 - sometimes more crucial than algorithm accuracy

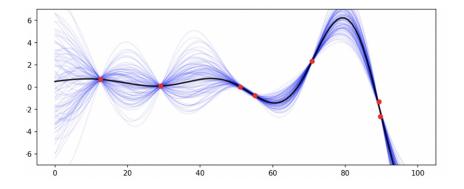


• assume conditional distribution $i {\rm th}$ predictor parameterized by $\theta_{i,k} \in \Theta$

$$p_{i,k}(y(t_k)|x_{t_k}, x_{t_{k-1}}, \dots, y(t_{k-1}), y(t_{k-2}), \dots) = p_{i,k}(y(t_k); x_{t_k}, heta_{i,k})$$

- depends on prior & current input, *i.e.*, $heta_{i,k}$ & x_{t_k}
- update $heta_{i,k+1}$ from $heta_{i,k}$ after observing true $y(t_k)$ using Bayesian rule

$$p(w;\theta_{i,k+1}) := p(w|y(t_k);x_{t_k},\theta_{i,k}) = \frac{p(y(t_k)|w,x_{t_k})p(w;\theta_{i,k})}{\int p(y(t_k)|w,x_{t_k})p(w;\theta_{i,k})dw}$$



[KIST AI Policy Seminar] Cross-Industry AI Innovation - Industrial AI - TS ML in manAI

Virtual Metrology

- background
 - every process engineer wants to (so badly) measure every material processed make sure process done as desired
 - *e.g.*, in semiconductor manufacturing, photolithography engineer wants to make sure diameter of holes or line spacing on wafers done correctly to satisfy specification for GPU or memory chips
 - however, various constraints prevent them from doing it, e.g., in semiconductor manufacturing
 - measurement equipment requires investment
 - incur intolerable throughput
 - fab space does not allow
- GOAL measure every processed material without physically measuring them

VM - problem formulation

• problem description

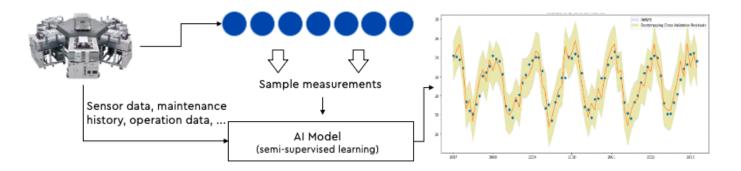
(stochastically) predict
$$y_{t_k}$$

given $x_{t_k}, x_{t_{k-1}}, \dots, y_{t_{k-1}}, y_{t_{k-2}}, \dots$

• our problem formulation

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & \sum_{k=1}^{K} w_{k,K-k} \, l(y_{t_k}, \hat{y}_{t_k}) \\ \text{subject to} & \hat{y}_{t_k} = g_k(x_{t_k}, x_{t_{k-1}}, \dots, y_{t_{k-1}}, y_{t_{k-2}}, \dots) \end{array}$

where optimization variables - $g_1, g_2, \ldots : \mathcal{D} o \mathbf{R}^m$

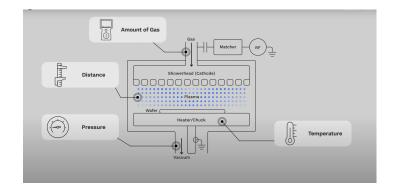


[KIST AI Policy Seminar] Cross-Industry AI Innovation - Industrial AI - Virtual Metrology

VM - Gauss Labs' inAl success story

- Gauss Labs' ML solution & AI product
 - fully home-grown online TS adpative ensemble learning method
 - outperform competitors and customer inhouse tools, *e.g.*, *Samsung*, *Intel*, *Lam Research*
 - published & patented in US, Europe, and Korea
- business impacts
 - improve process quality reduction of process variation by tens of percents
 - (indirectly) contribute to better product quality and yield
 - Gauss Labs' main revenue source





[KIST AI Policy Seminar] Cross-Industry AI Innovation - Industrial AI - Virtual Metrology

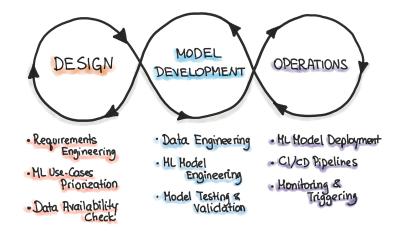
Manufacturing AI Productionization

Minimally required efforts for manAI

- MLOps for CI/CD
- data preprocessing missing values, inconsistent names, difference among different systems
- feature extraction & selection
- monitoring & retraining
- notification, via messengers or emails
- mainline merge approvals by humans
- data latency, data reliability, & data availability

MLOps for manAl

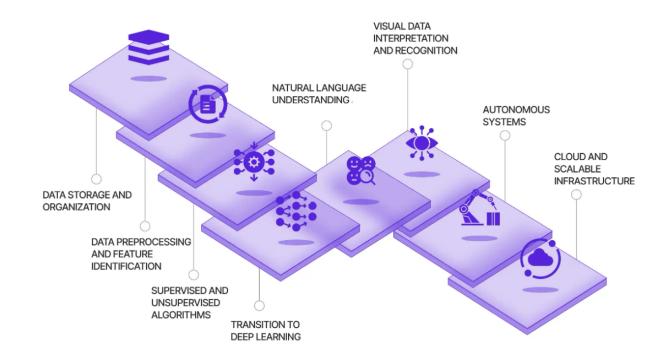
- environment for flexible and agile exploration EDA⁷
- fast & efficient iteration of algorithm selection, experiements, & analysis
- correct training / validation / test data sets critical!
- seamless productionization from, e.g., Jupyter notebook to production-ready code
- monitorning, right metrics, notification, re-training

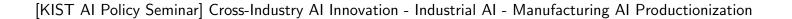


⁷EDA - exploratory data analysis

manAI software system

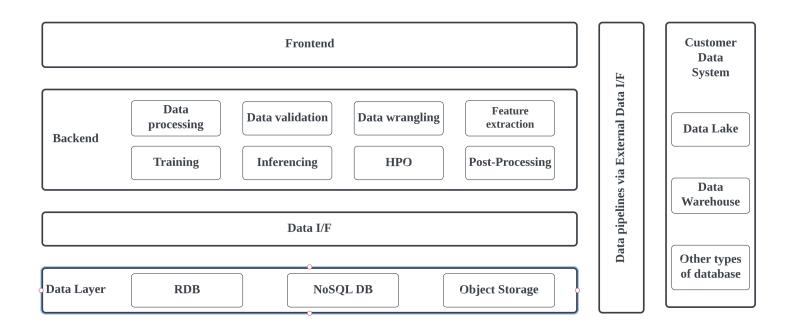
- data, data, data! store, persist, retrieve, data quality
- seamless pipeline for development, testing, running deployed services
- development envinroment should be built separately





manAl system architecture

- $\bullet\,$ frontend / backend / data I/F / data layer
- efficient and effective MLOps in backend or development environment



Reusuable components vs customer specific components

- make sure to build two components separate generic reusable and customer specific
- generic models should be tuned for each use case
- generic model library grows as interacting with more and more customers

	Frontend				H	Customer Data System
Backend	MLOps	Data valic Generic Reusable Components	wrangling	Customer Specific Components	via External Data	Data Lake
Data I/F						Other types of
Data Layer	RDB	NoSQL DB		Object Storage		data sever

My Two Cents

Recommendations for maximum impact via inAl

- concrete goals of projects
 - north star yield improvement, process quality, making engineers' lives easier
 - hard problem scheduling and optimization
- be strategic!
 - learn from others lots of successes & failures of inAl
 - ball park estimation for ROI cricial efforts, time, expertise, data
 - utilities vs technical excellency / uniqueness vs common technology
 - home-grown vs off-the-shelf

Remember . . .

- data, data, data! readiness, quality, procurement, pre-processing, DB
- never underestimate domain knowledge & expertise data do NOT tell you everything
- EDA
- do *not* over-optimize your algorithms ML is all about trials-&-errors
- overfitting, generalization, concept drift/shift way more important than you could ever imagine
- devOps, MLOps, agile dev, software development & engineering

Conclusion

Conclusion

- various CV MLs used for inAl applications
- TS ML applications found in every place in manufacturing
- drift/shift & data noise make TS MLs very challenging, but working solutions found
- in reality, crucial bottlenecks are
 - data quality, prepocessing, monitoring, notification, and retraining
 - data latency, avaiability, and reliability
 - excellency in software platform design and development using cloud services

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- CEOs, CTOs, CFOs, COOs, CMOs & CCOs @ startup companies in Silicon Valley
- VCs on Sand Hill Road Palo Alto, Menlo Park, Woodside in California, USA

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Thank You